

ESHMC Training – Tools for Simulating Curtailment with ESPAM2.0

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OVERVIEW

Curtailment IAR Tool

- Calculates junior irrigated land area by model cell and groundwater irrigation entity
- Writes IAR file

MKMOD

- Calculates crop irrigation requirement by model cell and groundwater irrigation entity
- Writes well file and summary table

MODFLOW

- Calculates response to applied stress
- Writes binary head and water budget files

BUD2SMP

Processes binary water budget file









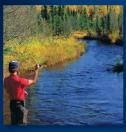


GETTING STARTED

- Install required software
- Download input files
- Links provided in handout

DAHO Department of Water Resources







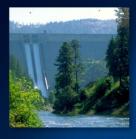


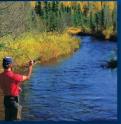


CURTAILMENT IAR TOOL INPUT DATA

- 2012 POD file (or most current)
 - Provides data used to calculate junior priority fraction by model cell
 - Locations of groundwater PODs from IDWR water right database
 - Water right priority date
 - Adjusted to subordinate date for enlargements
 - Irrigation diversion rate
 - Water right rate divided by number of PODs













CURTAILMENT IAR TOOL INPUT DATA

- 2008 Irrigated Lands Raster (or most current)
- Average Groundwater Fraction Raster
- Wetlands/Urban Mask
- Groundwater Entity Raster
- Surface Water Entity Raster

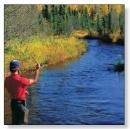


- Calculate junior priority fraction by model cell
 - Uses same algorithm as pdate.exe from ESPAM1.1 tools
 - Basis: Junior CFS/Total CFS ~ Junior CU/Total CU
 - Tested by IWRRI (2004)
 - http://www.idwr.idaho.gov/Browse/WaterInfo/ESPAM/meetin gs/2012_ESHMC/04_16_2012/VB_P_DIV_FRAC.zip





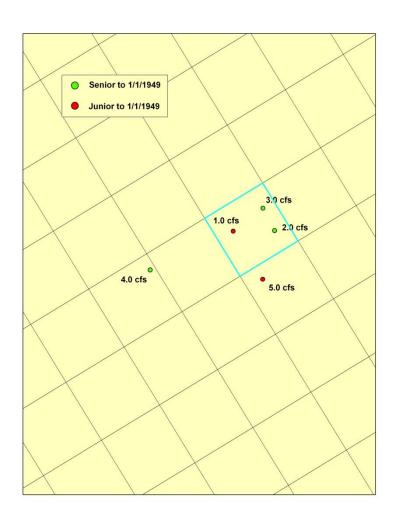




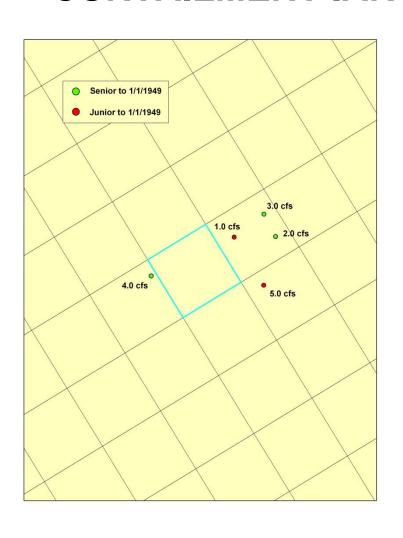




- Calculate junior priority fraction by model cell
 - Read user-specified priority date
 - Calculate POD diversion rate by model cell
 - Calculate POD diversion rate junior to user-specified date by model cell
 - If a cell has no PODs, it is assigned the junior fraction calculated from the eight adjacent cells
 - If none of the eight adjacent cells have PODs, the cell is assigned to global junior fraction
 - If cell is in Mud Lake or Monteview place of use, junior fraction is calculated based on PODs in well field and place of use cells



- Example cell with PODs
- Cell irrcfs = 1+2+3=6
- Junior irrcfs = 1
- Junior fraction = 1/6= 0.16667



- Example cell without PODs
- Adjacent cells irrcfs =
 4+1+2+3+5 = 15
- Junior irrcfs = 1+5=6
- Junior fraction = 6/15
 = 0.40













- Calculate groundwater irrigated lands by model cell and irrigation entity
 - Same process as IAR Tool used to calculate irrigated area for calibration
 - Remove wetlands and urban areas from irrigated lands
 - Apply groundwater source fraction to determine groundwater irrigated lands
 - Assign irrigated lands to model cell and irrigation entity (IEGW500, IEGW501, etc.)









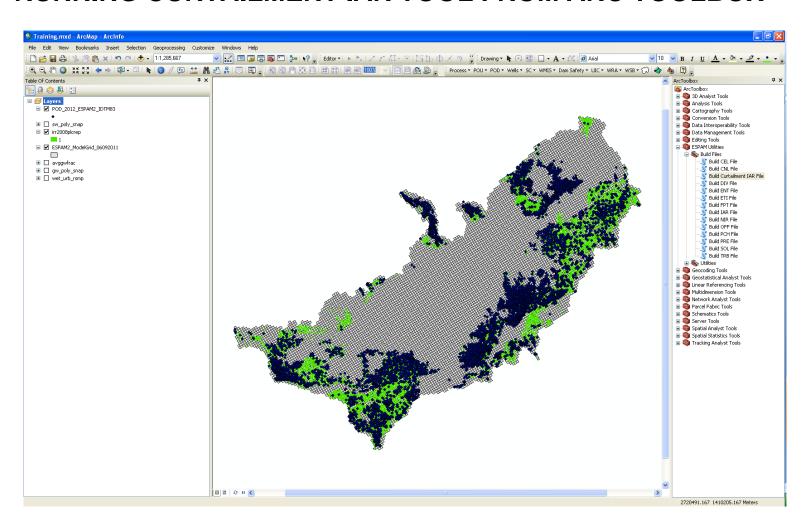




- Apply user specified multipliers to irrigated lands
 - Multiply groundwater irrigated lands by -1 to model injection
 - Multiply surface water irrigated lands by zero to remove from data set
- Apply junior priority fraction to groundwater irrigated lands



RUNNING CURTAILMENT IAR TOOL FROM ARC TOOLBOX





RUNNING CURTAILMENT IAR TOOL FROM COMMAND LINE

- Syntax: espamtool -t curtailment -o <Output IAR File> -sp=<Number of Stress Periods> -r <Output Raster Directory> -p <Priority Date in MM-DD-YYYY> --est-flag <A|G> --gwmultiplier=<Ground Water Multiplier> --sw-multiplier=<Surface Water Multiplier>
- Example: espamtool -t curtailment -o D:\ESPAM2\TEST\out.iar -r
 D:\ESPAM2\TEST --sp=1 -p 1-1-1949 --est-flag=A --gw-multiplier=-1
 --sw-multiplier=0



LUNCH BREAK





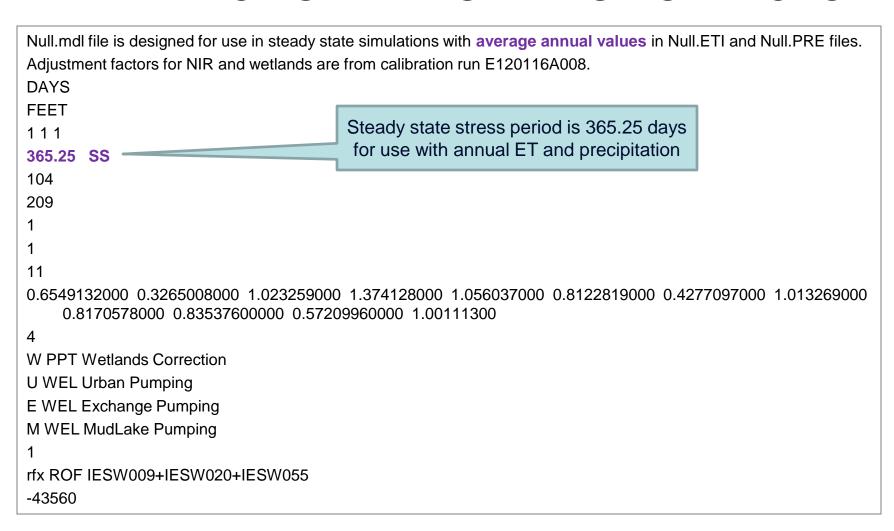


BASE FILES FOR MKMOD

- MKMOD requires all 16 input files
- NULL_BASE file set has all recharge components set to zero
- ET and precipitation by model cells are 10-year average for November 1998 – October 2008
- Replace one input file to simulate response to a single component of recharge in superposition mode
- Example: Replace IAR file with output from Curtailment IAR Tool to simulate response to curtailment



MDL FILE FOR STEADY STATE SIMULATIONS



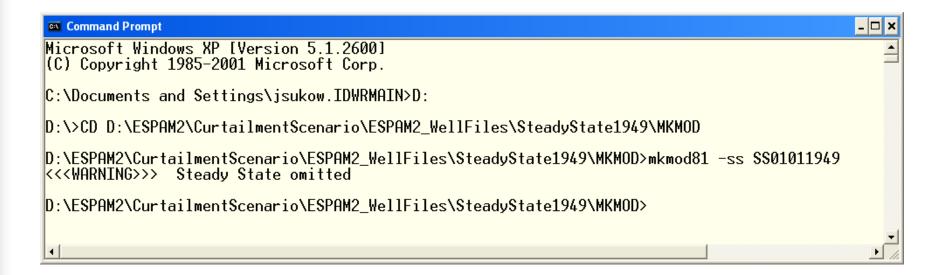


MDL FILE FOR SEASONAL TRANSIENT SIMULATIONS

Monthly_Null.mdl file is designed for use in 10-yr seasonal transient simulations with average monthly values in Monthly_Null.ETI and Monthly_Null.PRE files. Adjustment factors for NIR and wetlands are from calibration run E120116A008. **DAYS** Edit number of stress periods for FEET simulations <>10 years **120** 1 12 30 04/2012 05/2012 Edit stress period years if desired. First stress 30 06/2012 period must be April if Monthly_Null.ETI and 07/2012 Monthly_Null.PRE are used. 08/2012 30 09/2012 31 10/2012 30 11/2012 February stress period is 28.25 days for use 12/2012 with average monthly ET and precipitation 01/2013 **28.25** 02/2013 31 03/2013 30 04/2013 Add or delete stress periods for 05/2013 simulations <>10 years 30 06/2013



RUNNING MKMOD



- -ss directs MKMOD to omit steady state period from well file
- *.htm file provides tables summarizing water budget
- *.net file provides net recharge in MODFLOW well file format

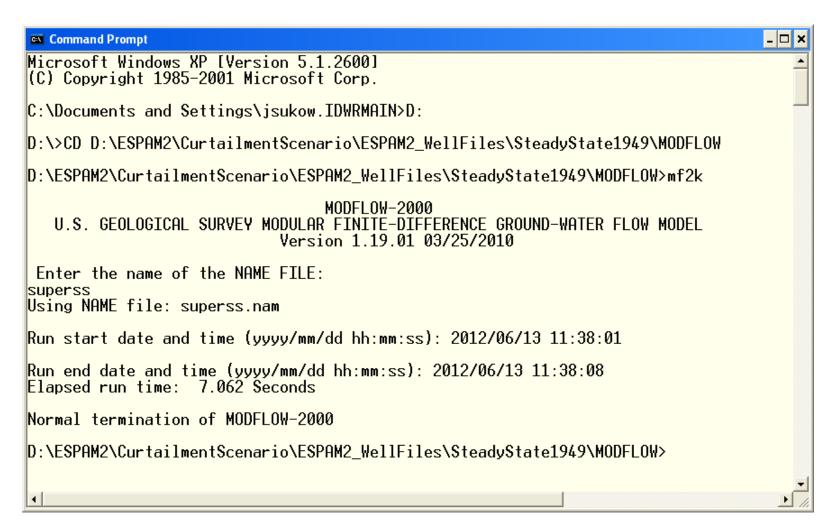


MODFLOW FILES FOR SUPERPOSITION

- Posted with training materials on website
- Superposition files for steady state simulations
- Superposition files for 10-yr monthly transient simulations
- Superposition files for 150-yr transient simulations with constant stress
- Add well file (MKMOD output) and edit name file



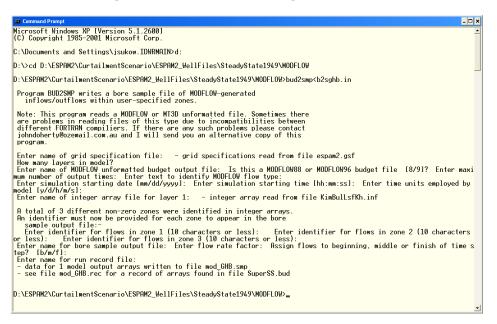
RUNNING MODFLOW





POST-PROCESSING MODFLOW OUTPUT

- LST file
- Post-processing binary budget file with BUD2SMP



 Binary head file can be processed with MOD2SMP or MOD2OBS

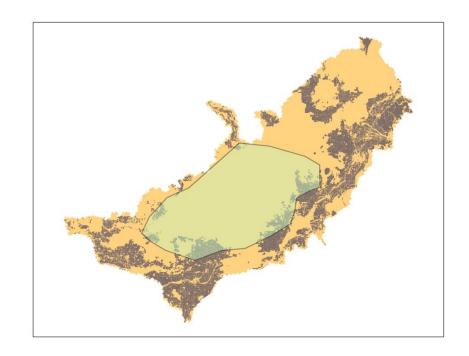


BREAK



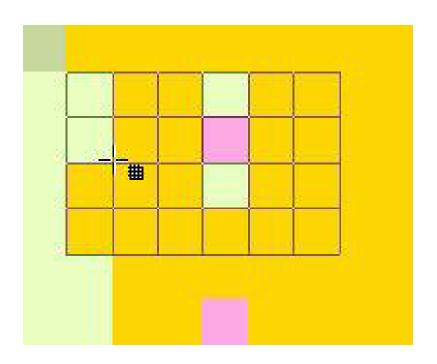
RASTER PROCESSING TIPS

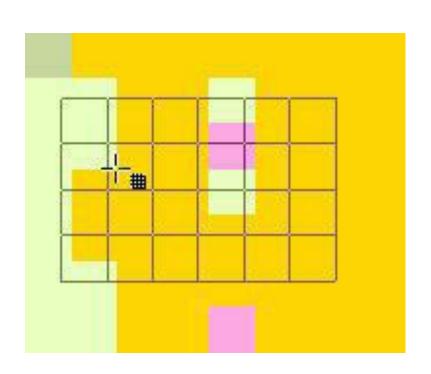
- Recommendations for clipping rasters
 - Use a snap raster to maintain raster alignment
 - Clip tool in the ArcToolbox
 Data Management tools is preferred method
 - Extract by Mask tool may also be used, but creates a file of larger size





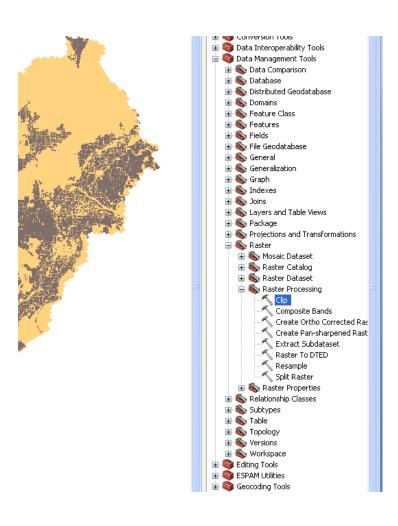
Aligning rasters to common pixel grid Good raster alignment Bad raster alignment



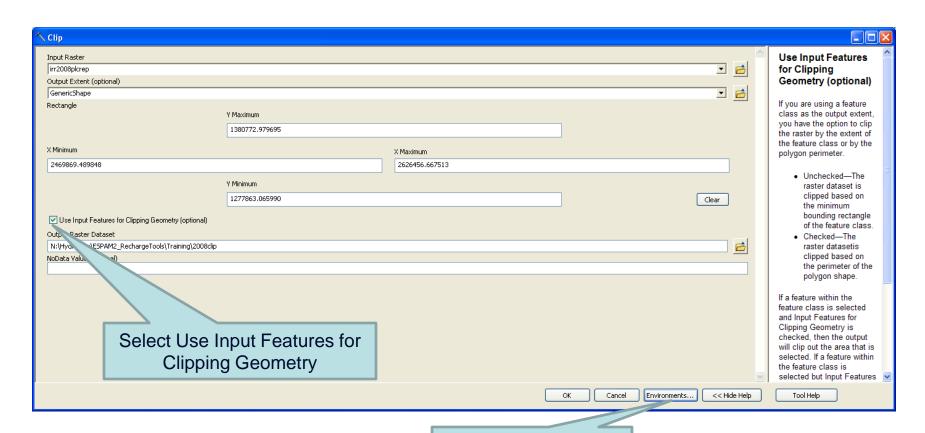


Rasters provided in NULL data are aligned to origin of (15m,15m) and have 30m x 30m pixel size



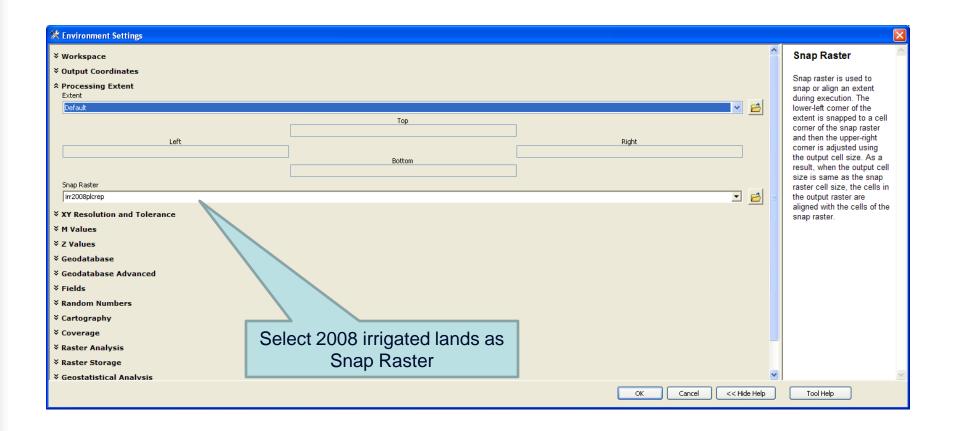






Set snap raster in Environments



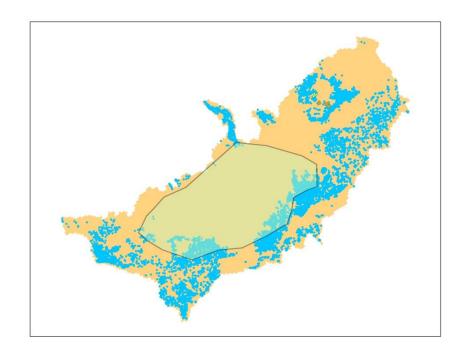




Layer Properties General Source Extent Display Symbology You can specify the geographic extent of this layer's data source that will be represented by this layer Check alignment: the current setting of this layer Set the extent to: Each extent value divided by 30 should have Visible Extent remainder of 15. 1380795 Top: Left: 2469855 Right: 2626485 Bottom: 1277835 Example: 1380795/30 = 46026.5Full Extent of this layer of the data frame Top: 1380795 Left: 2469855 Riaht: 2626485 Bottom: 1277835 OΚ Cancel Apply



- Recommendations for clipping rasters
 - Usually best to clip POD file to same extent as irrigated lands file, so global priority fraction reflects area of interest
 - Use caution if clip shape splits Mud Lake/Monteview area

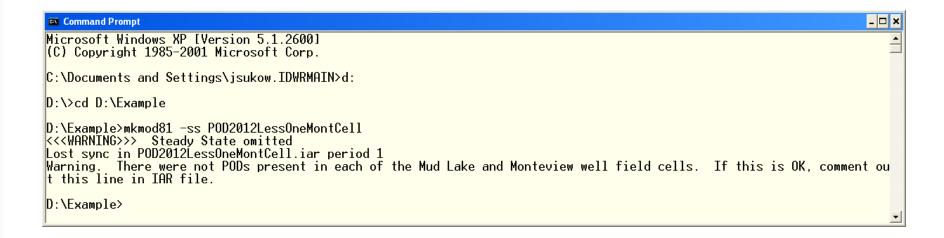




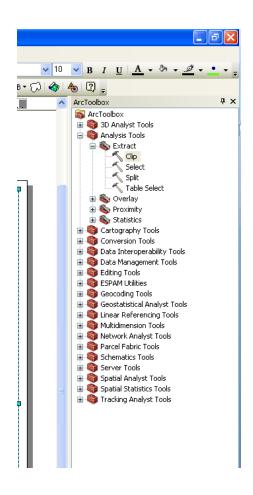
- Recommendations for clipping rasters
 - If Curtailment IAR Tool
 (V1.5) does not find at least
 one POD in each cell in the
 Mud Lake/Monteview well
 fields, it will write a warning
 to IAR file
 - User will need to comment out warning or make corrections to POD file as appropriate

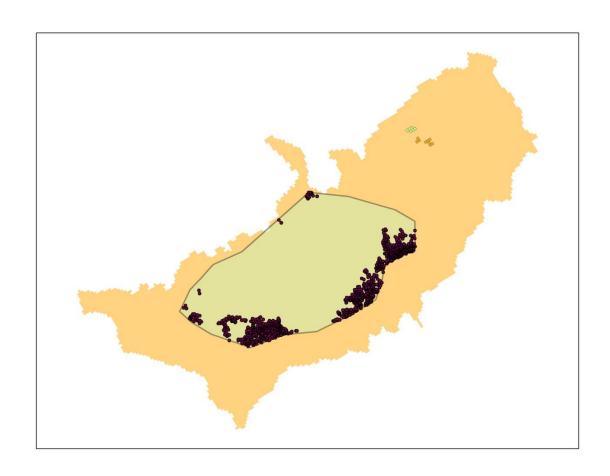
```
#ESPAM2_ModelGrid_06092011.shp
#sw_poly_snap
#gw_poly_snap
#wet_urb_rsmp
#avggwfrac
#2008plcrpclip
#POD2012clip.shp
Warning. There were not PODs present in each of
    the Mud Lake and Monteview well field cells. If
    this is OK, comment out this line in IAR file.
#1949-01-01
STRESS PERIOD 1
5337
81 128 2
IEGW506 IESW034
-137404920
81 129 2
```



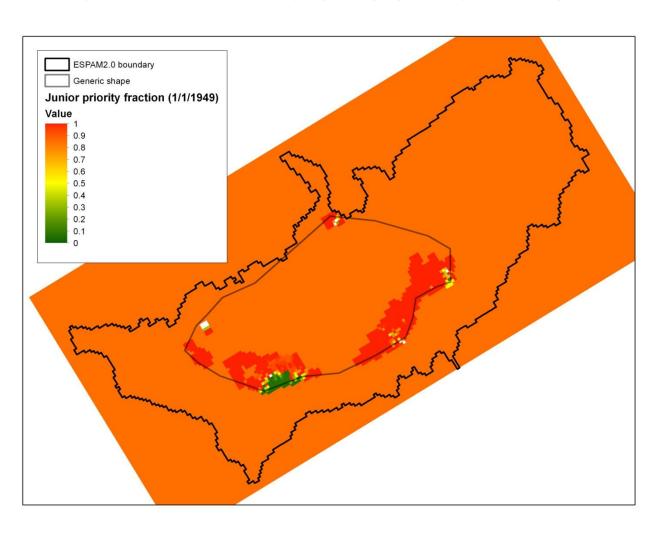






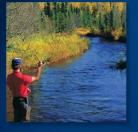


















WRAP UP & QUESTIONS